NORTHERN ARIZONA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES BENEFIT TRUST

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017



NORTHERN ARIZONA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES BENEFIT TRUST TABLE OF CONTENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Trustees Northern Arizona Public Employees Benefit Trust Flagstaff, Arizona

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities of the Northern Arizona Public Employees Benefit Trust (Trust), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Trust's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Trust's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities of the Northern Arizona Public Employees Benefit Trust, as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.



Board of Trustees Northern Arizona Public Employees Benefit Trust

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and the claims development information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated July 6, 2018, on our consideration of Northern Arizona Public Employees Benefit Trust's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Northern Arizona Public Employees Benefit Trust's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Northern Arizona Public Employees Benefit Trust's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Phoenix, Arizona July 6, 2018





As management of the Northern Arizona Public Employees Benefit Trust (Trust), we offer readers of the Trust's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Trust for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. The management's discussion and analysis is presented as required supplementary information to supplement the basic financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The Trust's total net position of business-type activities decreased \$4.6 million which represents a 45% decrease from fiscal year 2015-16 as a result of increased costs due in part to the first full year of operation costs of the wellness clinic.
- The Trust had \$24.7 million in operating revenue, an increase of \$1.3 million from fiscal year 2015-16. The Trust had approximately \$29.3 million in operating expenses. Operating expenses increased \$1.6 million due primarily to increased claims expenses and operating costs for the wellness clinic.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the Trust's financial statements. The Trust's financial statements comprise two components: 1) proprietary financial statements, and 2) notes to the financial statements.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the Trust's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Trust is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position presents information showing how the Trust's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The statement of cash flows outlines the cash inflows and outflows related to the operation of the Trust for the current fiscal year-end.

As discussed more thoroughly in Note 1 to the financial statements, the operations of the Trust are accounted for in a single proprietary fund. As a result, only the financial statements required for a proprietary fund are presented.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the financial statements.

Other information. In addition to the financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the Trust's claims development information. A table representing claims development information for the ten-year period ended June 30, 2017 is presented as required supplementary information.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Trust, assets exceeded liabilities by \$5.6 million at the current fiscal year-end.

The following table presents a summary of the Trust's net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016.

	June 30,		
	2017	2016	
Current and Other Assets	\$ 10,039,891	\$ 14,125,416	
Capital Assets, Net	370,025	532,056	
	10,409,916	14,657,472	
Total Assets			
Current and Other Liabilities	4,764,538	4,460,322	
Net Position:			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	370,025	532,056	
Unrestricted	5,275,353	9,665,094	
Total Net Position	\$ 5,645,378	\$ 10,197,150	

At the end of the current fiscal year the Trust reported positive balances in both categories of net position.

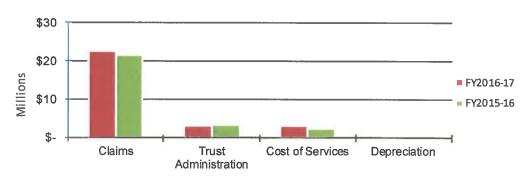
Net Investment in Capital Assets decreased 30.4% from the prior year as a result of depreciation of the wellness clinic. Unrestricted net position decreased 45% from the prior year, representing the cumulative effect of claims expenses and operating costs exceeding participant contributions in the current year. For the year ended June 30, 2017, operating costs included the first full year of wellness clinic operations, which contributed to higher than expected expenses.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Changes in net position. The Trust's total revenues for the current fiscal year were \$24.7 million. The total expenses were \$29.3 million. The following table presents a summary of the changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016.

	Year Ended June 30,		
	2017	2016	
REVENUES			
Operating Revenues:			
Contributions	\$ 24,657,642	\$ 23,330,618	
Nonoperating Revenues:			
Investment Income	56,500	28,859	
Total Revenues	24,714,142	23,359,477	
EXPENSES			
Claims	22,662,837	21,728,075	
Trust Administration	3,248,167	3,362,876	
Cost of Services	3,192,879	2,519,312	
Depreciation	162,031	<u>87,522</u>	
Total Expenses	29,265,914	27,697,785	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(4,551,772)	(4,338,308)	
Net Position - Beginning of Year	10,197,150	14,535,458	
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 5,645,378	\$ 10,197,150	

Expenses



Contribution revenue increased \$1.3 million as a result of higher premium costs charged to participant organizations. Expenses were higher in the current year, which were driven by increased claims costs (\$0.9 million), and increased operating costs for the wellness clinic (\$0.7 million) due to the first full year of operations.

CAPITAL ASSETS

At year-end, the Trust had a net investment of \$370,025 invested in capital assets, which includes leasehold improvements, furniture, computers and other equipment. The amount invested is net of accumulated depreciation of \$249,553. Total depreciation expense for the current fiscal year was \$162,031.

Capital assets for fiscal years June 30, 2017 and 2016, net of accumulated depreciation were as follows:

	2017		2016	
Leasehold Improvements	\$	277,976	\$	423,006
Furniture and Equipment		92,049		109,050
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$	370,025	\$	532,056

Additional information on the Trust's capital assets can be found in Note 3.

CLAIM RESERVES

As of June 30, 2017, the Trust had \$3.3 million designated for claim payments. The following table presents a summary of the Trust's unpaid claims for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016.

	2017_	2016
Unpaid Claims and Claim Adjustments		
at End of the Fiscal Year	\$ 3,288,491	\$ 2,863,099

Additional information on the Trust's claim reserves can be found in Note 5.

ECONOMIC FACTORS

The primary factor considered by the Trust's administration during the process of developing the fiscal year 2017-18 contribution rates was the prior year claims experiences, projected health trend rates, negotiated administrative expenses, and insurance premiums for the plan year.

CONTACTING THE TRUST'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the Trust's finances and to demonstrate the Trust's accountability for the resources it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, contact Coconino County, Arizona, Northern Arizona Public Employee Benefit Trust, 219 East Cherry Avenue, Flagstaff, Arizona 86004.





NORTHERN ARIZONA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES BENEFIT TRUST STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2017

ASSETS

CURRENT ASSETS	
Cash and Investments	\$ 9,478,169
Deposits	535,000
Accounts Receivable	4,400
Prepaid Expenses	22,322
Total Current Assets	10,039,891
NONCURRENT ASSETS	
Property and Equipment (Net of Accumulated	
Depreciation of \$249,553)	370,025
Total Assets	10,409,916
LIABILITIES	
CURRENT LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses	346,369
Unearned Revenue	1,129,678
Claims Payable	3,288,491
Total Liabilities	4,764,538
NET POSITION	
NET POSITION	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	370,025
Unrestricted	5,275,353
Total Net Position	\$ 5,645,378

NORTHERN ARIZONA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES BENEFIT TRUST STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

OPERATING REVENUES	
Contributions - City of Flagstaff	\$ 6,651,092
Contributions - Coconino Community College	920,412
Contributions - Coconino County	8,446,785
Contributions - Coconino County Accommodation School District	120,984
Contributions - Flagstaff Unified School District	7,878,754
Contributions - Northern Arizona Intergovernmental	
Public Transportation Authority	639,615
Total Operating Revenues	24,657,642
OPERATING EXPENSES Claims	22,662,837
Trust Administration	3,248,167
Cost of Services	3,192,879
Depreciation	162,031
Total Operating Expenses	 29,265,914
	 20,200,014
OPERATING LOSS	(4,608,272)
NONOPERATING REVENUES	
Investment Income	 56,500
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(4,551,772)
Net Position - Beginning of Year	 10,197,150
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 5,645,378

NORTHERN ARIZONA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES BENEFIT TRUST STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash Received from Contributions Cash Payment for Claims Cash Payments for Supplies for Goods and Services Other - Refund of Deposit Net Cash Used by Operating Activities	\$	24,611,326 (22,237,445) (6,483,952) 125,000 (3,985,071)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Investment Income		56,500
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(3,928,571)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year	_	13,406,740
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$	9,478,169
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH USED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating Loss Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash Used by Operating Activities: Changes in Assets and Liabilities:	\$	(4,608,272)
Depreciation Decrease in Accounts Receivable Decrease in Deposits Increase in Prepaid Expenses Decrease in Accounts Payable Decrease in Unearned Revenue Increase in Claims Payable Total Adjustments Net Cash Used by Operating Activities	\$	162,031 46,776 125,000 (14,822) (28,084) (93,092) 425,392 623,201 (3,985,071)

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Organization

The financial statements of the Northern Arizona Public Employees Benefit Trust (Trust) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to government units since the Trust is a cooperative group of governmental entities joined together to form a public entity risk pool. The operations of the Trust are presented in the accompanying financial statements as a single proprietary fund. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

Reporting Entity

The Trust was formed July 1, 1993 between the City of Flagstaff, Coconino Community College, Coconino County, and Flagstaff Unified School District No. 1. Currently, the Trust has six participants, of which four are the original participating employers and two are non-voting participants. The Board of Trustees consists of four people who are employees or governing body members of the four original participating employers.

The purpose of this Trust is to provide benefits, including but not limited to, accidental death and dismemberment, disability, basic or major medical coverage for accidents or sickness, dental, and any other benefits as determined by the Trustees for beneficiaries, provided such benefits are related to health, death, or disability.

Effective July 1, 2006, the Trust became self-funded for medical and prescription benefits. Additional benefits, including but not limited to, accidental death or dismemberment, dental, and vision, are fully insured and the premiums are paid directly by the participants to the insurers. In the self-funded arrangement, the employer and employee contributions are set aside in the Trust in order to accumulate amounts necessary to pay benefits and administrative expenses. A third party processes the medical and prescription claims on the plan and then notifies the Trust of the amount of claims to be paid on a monthly basis.

Basis of Accounting/Measurement Focus

The Trust's financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Operating revenues and expenses are distinguished from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Trust are contributions from the participants. Operating expenses include the cost of claims, premiums, wellness clinic operating expenses, and administrative expenses. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Cash and Investments

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Trust considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents. Cash and cash equivalents at year-end were cash in bank and cash with State Treasurer.

Arizona Statute requires a pooled collateral program for public deposits and a Statewide Collateral Pool Administrator (Administrator) in the State Treasurer's Office. The purpose of the pooled collateral program is to ensure that governmental entities' public deposits placed in participating depositories are secured with collateral of 102% of the public deposits, less any applicable deposit insurance. An eligible depository may not retain or accept any public deposit unless it has deposited the required collateral with a qualified escrow agent or the Administrator. The Administrator manages the pooled collateral program, including reporting on each depository's compliance with the program.

Investments are stated at fair value. It is management's intent and ability to hold all investments until maturity. Investment income is composed of interest, dividends, and net changes in the fair value of applicable investments.

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable, including contributions receivable are considered by management to be collectible in full and, accordingly, an allowance for doubtful accounts is not considered necessary.

Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in the financial statements. Prepaid items are recorded as expenses when consumed.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include leasehold improvements, and furniture and equipment, are reported in the statements. Capital assets are defined by the Trust as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of \$1,000 or a group of similar assets acquired simultaneously with a combined cost in excess of \$1,000, as well as an estimated useful life of more than one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost, or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets are recorded at the estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the life of the asset are not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Leasehold Improvements

Shorter of Useful Life or Remaining Lease Term

Furniture and Equipment

7 Years

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Claims Reserves

The Trust establishes claims liabilities based on estimates of the ultimate cost of claims (including future claim adjustment expenses) that have been reported but not settled, and of claims that have been incurred but not reported. Adjustments to claim liabilities are charged or credited to expense in the periods in which they are made. Given the inherent uncertainty in the nature of such estimates, future losses will likely deviate, perhaps materially, from those estimates.

Contributions

The Trust agreement provides that each participating employer contribute a specified amount to the Trust. The contribution rates are determined by the Board of Trustees on an annual basis.

Premiums received in excess of finalized amounts are generally applied to the participants' premiums for the following year and are included in the accompanying statement of net position as unearned revenue.

Reinsurance

The Trust uses reinsurance agreements to reduce its exposure to large losses on all types of insured events. Reinsurance permits recovery of a portion of losses from reinsurance, although it does not discharge the primary liability of the Trust as direct insurer of the risks reinsured.

Net Position

In the financial statements, net position is reported within three categories: net investment in capital assets; restricted net position; and unrestricted net position. Net investment in capital assets is separately reported because capital assets make up a significant portion of total net position. Restricted net position accounts for the portion of net position restricted by parties outside the Trust, however, as of June 30, 2017, the Trust did not have any portion of net position subject to external restriction and, therefore, did not report any restricted net position. Unrestricted net position is the remaining net position not included in the previous two categories.

The Trust applies restricted resources first when outlays are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted amounts are available.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2 CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The Trust is authorized to invest monies in interest bearing savings accounts or one of the Arizona State Treasurer's Office Local Government Investment Pools (LGIP), as specified by the Board.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure the Pool's deposits may not be returned to the Trust. The Trust does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At year-end, the carrying amount of the Trust's deposits was \$2,258,076 and the bank balance was \$2,454,842. Of the bank balance, \$250,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$2,204,842 was collateralized through the Arizona State Treasurer's pooled collateral program.

Fair Value Measurements

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset.

Level 1 - Inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets

Level 2 – inputs are significant other observable inputs

Level 3 – inputs are significant unobservable inputs

The Trust maintains its investments in the Arizona State Treasurer's Office Local Government Investment Pool 5. The pools are not required to register (and are not registered) with the Securities and Exchange Commission. The activity and performance of the pools are reviewed monthly by the State Board of Investment. The fair value of each participant's position in the State Treasurer investment pools approximates the value of the participant's shares in the pool and the participants' shares are not identified with specific investments. Participants in the pool are not required to categorize the value of shares in accordance with the fair value hierarchy.

At year-end, the Trust's investments consisted of the following.

	Average	Fair
	Maturities	Value
State Treasurer's Investment Pool 5	36.5 Days	\$ 7,220,093

Interest Rate Risk

The Trust does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

NOTE 2 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Credit Risk

The Trust has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices. The State Treasurer's investment pool 5 had a weighted average rating of AAA by Moody's Investor Services at year-end.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk – Investments</u>

The Trust's investment in the State Treasurer's investment pool represents a proportionate interest in the pool's portfolio; however, the Trust portion is not identified with specific investments and is not subject to custodial credit risk.

NOTE 3 CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of capital asset activity for the current fiscal year follows:

Business-type Activities	Beginning Balance	Increase	Decrease	Ending Balance
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:	Dalarice	IIICIEASE	Declease	Dalarice
Leasehold Improvements	\$ 500.574	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 500,574
Furniture and Equipment	119,004	_	Ψ -	119,004
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated	619,578			619,578
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Leasehold Improvements	(77,568)	(145,030)		(222,598)
Furniture and Equipment	(9,954)	(17,001)		(26,955)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(87,522)	(162,031)	_	(249,553)
Total Capital Assets, Being				
Depreciated, Net	532,056	(162,031)		370,025
Business-Type Activities Capital				
Assets, Net	\$ 532,056	\$ (162,031)	\$ -	\$ 370,025

Depreciation expense for the fiscal year was \$162,031.

NOTE 4 OBLIGATIONS UNDER OPERATING LEASES

The District leases a clinic building under the provisions of a long-term lease agreement classified as an operating lease for accounting purposes. Rental expenditures under the terms of the operating lease totaled \$62,579 for the current fiscal year. The operating lease has a remaining noncancelable lease term of three years and provides renewal options. The future minimum rental payments required under the operating lease at year-end were as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Amount	
2018	\$	50,880
2019		46,640
Total Minimum Payments Required	\$	97,520

NOTE 5 CLAIM RESERVES

As discussed in Note 1, the Trust establishes a liability for both reported and unreported insured events, which includes estimates of both future payments of losses and related claim adjustment expenses. The following represents changes in those aggregate liabilities for the Trust during the past two years.

	2017	2016
Unpaid Claims and Claim Adjustment Expenses at Beginning of the Fiscal Year	\$ 2,863,099	\$ 2,712,640
Incurred Claims and Claim Adjustment Expenses: Provision for Insured Events of the Current Fiscal Year	22,662,837	21,948,932
Total Incurred Claims and Claim Adjustment Expenses	25,525,936	24,661,572
Payments: Claims and Claim Adjustment Expenses Attributable to Insured Events of the Current Fiscal Year	22,237,445	21,798,473
Total Unpaid Claims and Claim Adjustment Expenses at End of the Fiscal Year	\$ 3,288,491	\$ 2,863,099

At June 30, 2017 and 2016, \$3,288,491 and \$2,863,099, respectively, of unpaid claims and claim adjustment expenses are presented at their estimated ultimate loss. These claims are not discounted and include an estimate for claims incurred but not reported (IBNR) of \$1,457,000 and \$1,164,000, respectively.



	*				
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION OTHER THAN MD&A					



NORTHERN ARIZONA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES BENEFIT TRUST REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION OTHER THAN MD&A CLAIMS DEVELOPMENT INFORMATION TEN-YEAR PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

State Stat	De la company de
Two Years Later Three Years Later Four Years Later Five Years Later Six Years Later Seven Years Later Seven Years Later Re-estimated Incurred Claims and Expense: End of Policy Year One Year Later Two Years Later Two Years Later Three Years Later Three Years Later Six Years Later Four Years Later Five Years Later Five Years Later Five Years Later Six Years Later Six Years Later Six Years Later Six Years Later Seven Years Later Six Years Later Six Years Later Seven Years Later Seven Years Later	Increase (Decrease) in Estimated Incurred Claims and Expense from End of Policy Year

NORTHERN ARIZONA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES BENEFIT TRUST REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION OTHER THAN MD&A NOTES TO THE CLAIMS DEVELOPMENT INFORMATION TEN-YEAR PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

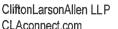
The table on the previous page illustrates how the Trust's earned revenues (net of reinsurance) and investment income compare to related costs of loss (net of loss assumed by reinsures) and other expenses assumed by the Trust as of the end of the last year. The rows of the table are defined as follows:

- (1) This line shows the total of each fiscal year's earned contribution revenues and investment revenues.
- (2) This line shows each fiscal year's other operating costs of the Trust including overhead and claims expense not allocable to individual claims.
- (3) This line shows the Trust's incurred claims and allocated claim adjustment expense (both paid and accrued) as originally reported at the end of the first year in which the event that triggered coverage under the contract occurred (called policy year).
- (4) This section shows the cumulative amounts paid as of the end of successive years for each policy year.
- (5) This section shows how each policy year's incurred claims increased or decreased as of the end of successive years. This annual re-estimation results from new information received on known claims, reevaluation of existing information on known claims, as well as emergence of new claims not previously known.
- (6) This line compares the latest re-estimated incurred claims amount to the amount originally established (line 3) and shows whether this latest estimate of claims cost is greater or less than originally thought. As data for individual policy years mature, the correlation between original estimates and re-estimated amounts is commonly used to evaluate the accuracy of incurred claims currently recognized in less mature policy years.

The columns of the table show data for successive policy years.









INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Trustees Northern Arizona Public Employees Benefit Trust Flagstaff, Arizona

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the business-type activities of the Northern Arizona Public Employees Benefit Trust (Trust), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Northern Arizona Public Employees Benefit Trust's financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated July 6, 2018.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Northern Arizona Public Employees Benefit Trust's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Northern Arizona Public Employees Benefit Trust's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Northern Arizona Public Employees Benefit Trust's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Trust's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.



Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Northern Arizona Public Employees Benefit Trust's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Northern Arizona Public Employees Benefit Trust's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Northern Arizona Public Employees Benefit Trust's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Phoenix, Arizona July 6, 2018